THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

No. 216.

WEDNESDAY, *May* 3, 1749.

By a Vessel lately arrived in this Province from England, *we have a* London *Print called the* REMEMBRANCER, *of the* 11*th of* February; *in which, amongst others, are the following Advices.*

RUSSIA.

PETERSBURG, January 9.

THE weather has been for some days past so excessively cold here, that several Persons have been found in the streets frozen to death. The equipage of count Bernes, ambassador from the court of Vienna, which set out last week for Moscow, was obliged to stop by the way, by reason of the violence of the cold; as well as the last division of the regiment of guards, several of the soldiers whereof have been frozen to death.

It was observed, that the thermometer of the celebrated M. de Lisle, sunk two hundred and six degrees; and that of Fahrenheit thirty-two degrees below the point marked thereon *Extream Cold.*

SWEDEN.

Stockholm, Jan. 27. Letters from Carelscroon, and the other ports of the kingdom, advise, that as much diligence is used, as the season will permit, in fitting the men of war which are upon the stocks, and all necessary dispositions are made for putting the maritime forces of the kingdom in a good condition. Letters from Finland intimate, that measures have been so well taken there, that in case of need a powerful army may be brought into the field; but people flatter themselves that there will be no necessity to come to extremities, seeing the court persists in undertaking nothing on that side; and assurances of the like nature have been given by that of Russia.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen, Feb. 1. On the 29th of last month, about one in the morning, the queen was happily deliver'd of a prince. His majesty assisted at divine service, where Te Deum was sung, under a discharge of all the artillery. He received afterwards the compliments of all the foreign ministers, and of the nobility. His majesty dined in public, and the royal table was entirely served with gold plate; about six that afternoon the young prince was baptized by the name of Christian, the queen dowager presenting him at the font. There was a magnificent entertainment in the evening; the king's table was served with 105 dishes, besides which there were two other tables. The whole city was overwhelmed with joy, and all the houses were illuminated for three nights successively.

The king has resolved to make a progress into Norway the next spring. Preparations are already making for this journey, and the two ministers of the council will accompany his majesty.

ITALY.

Nice, Jan. 29. At last the great affair of the evacuations in Italy is entirely settled, by a convention signed here on the 21st instant; part of the duchy of Parma will be evacuated this day, and the French will quit this place, which is the last to be given up, upon the 25th of the next month. Some of the domestics of his royal highness the infant Don Philip are already at Parma, and have carried thither a vast quantity of rich furniture and other curiosities. There seems to be a great disposition in all the powers interested in this important affair, to give each other reciprocally all the satisfaction possible, so that we begin to hope that the tranquility of Italy will be settled on a firm and lasting foundation. The Spanish troops have entirely quitted the dominions of Genoa, and those in the kingdom of Naples are embarking with all the expedition possible.

Naples, Jan. 25. It is said the court expects here from Pressano the twelve battalions of Spanish troops, which are already embarked. The king has resolved to form a new regiment of cavalry, and has already named the proper officers.

Rome, Jan 25. The Pope having resolved to bless the beginning of Lent, has ordered a great quantity of Agnus Dei's to be distributed to foreigners, who are expected in that holy season. There are arrived here two Jews from England, in order to embrace Christianity.

GERMANY.

Vienna, Jan. 25. Prince Charles of Lorrain continues to preside in the military conferences that are held here with great assiduity. General count Lieven is returned to the command of the Russian auxiliaries, but proposes to suspend their departure from Moravia 'til he receives express orders from his court upon that subject. All the great estates of the duke of Modena in Hungary, which were sold as well as confiscated, are to be restored immediately, and those who bought them are to have their money returned, or an equivalent for them, in a convenient time.

Jan. 29. There is much talk here of a negotiation being upon the carpet between this court and those of Great Britain and Russia, the intent whereof is, it is said, to maintain the tranquility of Europe, and at the same time to secure that of the North. The count de Oedt, vice chancellor of Austria, being yesterday at a ridotto, upon quitting a lady with whom he had just been dancing, was taken with an apoplectic fit, and died immediately.

Cologn, Feb. 6. The Rhine has within a few days so overflowed, that it has been thought proper to shut all the gates of this city, on the side next the river.

FRANCE.

Paris, Feb. 3. Some letters from London make the duke of Richmond's coming ambassador into France uncertain, and insinuate, that the earl of Halifax may possibly be appointed upon the embassy from Great Britain to this court. The king has gratified the marquis de Puisieux with a pension, besides his ordinary appointment of 24000 livres.

From the Paris Gazette,

Versailles, Feb. 13. Yesterday the duke de Chartres, the prince of Conti, the count de la Marche, and the duke de Penthievre, went in corp mourning to pay their respects to the king, on occasion of the death of Madame the duchess of Orleans.

In the afternoon the king went to visit the duchess of Chartres, the duchess of Modena, and the duchess of Penthievre; those princesses received also a visit from the queen, from Monseigneur the Dauphin, and the Mesdames of France.

From the Paris A-la-main, Feb. 14.

The day before yesterday the peace was proclaimed in all the public places, with the solemnities usual on the like occasions. Yesterday Te Deum was sung in the metropolitan church of this city; and in the evening a very fine firework was play'd off, which, without question, was the best executed, as well as the most beautiful in itself, that was ever seen here. Bread, and several kinds of meat, was distributed to the people, according to what was formerly mentioned, and the fountains also ran with wine. All the streets in general were illuminated. The grand illuminations upon the front of the Hotel de Ville was wonderfully magnificent.

The same day was published an Arret of the king's council of state, importing, that his majesty finding himself under the necessity, in order to furnish the supplies indispensably necessary for the war, to direct the raising of some new taxes, and the reviving others that had been formerly imposed, and being now willing to give his subjects proofs of his attention to their relief, he had thought fit to suppress the duties upon hair-powder, upon wax, tallow, paper, parchment, &c. 'til such time as the total cessation of the expences of the war, the payment of what remains due upon several articles, and the extinction of the offices that it was found necessary to create, shall put it in the power of his majesty, by the suppression of the tenth penny, and other taxes, to afford his subjects still more considerable abatements.

The

The French and Italian comedians gave each a play *gratis*, as a teſtimony of their joy on the publication of the peace.

Two ordinances of the king have appeared, by the firſt of which his majeſty reduces to one hundred and thirty the troops of horſe grenadiers, which conſiſt at preſent of one hundred and fifty; and by the ſecond, the regiment of dragoons of Septimania is diſbanded.

The laſt letters from Rochelle inform us, that they are equipping there a very conſiderable fleet of merchantmen, that are to ſail very early in the ſpring for our colonies in America.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Maeſtricht, Feb. 3. The French troops evacuated this fortreſs this morning, and took the road leading to Liege, from whence they will repair to Namur. Thoſe of the States General immediately took poſſeſſion of it, as well as of the forts which depend thereupon, to the great ſatisfaction of the inhabitants.

Ghent, Feb. 4. Yeſterday the regiments of Los Rios entered into this city immediately after the French marched out of it, and took poſſeſſion of the poſts as well as of the citadel. The city of Bruges was the ſame day given up to a detachment of Imperial troops, who tomorrow are to take poſſeſſion of the town and port of Oſtend.

LONDON.

February 11. On Monday the Stafford and Litchfield rioters appeared in the court of King's Bench, to receive judgment for the offences whereof they were convicted at the laſt aſſizes held for the county of Stafford; when the right honourable the earl Gower, on the behalf of his grace the duke of Bedford, and William Chetwynd, Eſq; appeared in court, and (upon ſubmiſſion of the defendants) deſired that ſmall fines might be ſet upon them; and Mr. attorney general, on the part of the crown, conſenting thereto, the court was pleaſed to ſet a fine of 6*s.* 8*d.* upon each of the ſaid offenders, and to diſcharge them.

Orders are given from the war office, for diſbanding his royal highneſs the duke's regiment of dragoons.

His majeſty has been pleaſed to give the ſum of 100 guineas to be run for this ſeaſon, according to annual cuſtom, at the following places; *viz.* Newmarket, Salisbury, Ipſwich, Guilford, Nottingham, Winchelſea, Lincoln, Black-Hamilton, Litchfield, Lewes, York, and Canterbury.

An account is come, that four of the tranſports are ſtranded on the coaſt of Norway, but that providentially not a perſon was drowned; and ſhips are order'd to ſail directly, and bring them from thence.

Laſt Tueſday a duel was fought behind Montague houſe, between two officers of his majeſty's navy, when one of them was obliged to beg his life.

Briſtol, Feb. 6. On this day peace was proclaimed in this city in the following manner: The mayor, aldermen, ſheriffs, and common council, accompanied by the ſociety of merchant adventurers, met at the council-houſe about 10 o' clock in the morning, and being attended by all the officers of the corporation, and eſcorted by the company of grenadiers belonging to Col. Dejean's regiment of foot, his majeſty's proclamation was read at the upper end of High-ſtreet, the place where royal proclamations have been always firſt read; from thence the proceſſion was made to St. Peter's croſs, as follows; *viz.* The city marſhal, the company of grenadiers, the city muſic, the city officers two and two, the chamberlain, the deputy town clerk, and ſteward of the ſheriff's court, the ſheriffs, the mayor, aldermen, and common council, in their ſcarlet robes, preceded by the ſword bearer bearing his pearl ſword and wearing the cap of maintenance, the conſtable of the city attending the proceſſion. At St. Peter's croſs his majeſty's proclamation was again read, and in the ſame method the proceſſion was made to Temple croſs, to St. Thomas's conduit, to the ſtatue of our glorious deliverer king William III. in Queen's ſquare, to the conduits at the key, and to the exchange; at all which places proper ſtages were erected, and the ſheriffs alternately read his majeſty's proclamation; and at each place the ſpectators, who were very numerous, expreſſed their ſatisfaction by loud acclamations of joy.

About forty coaches and chariots belonging to the gentlemen of the corporation, and other gentlemen of the city, attended the proceſſion.

The towers of the churches were adorned with pendents and ſtreamers, and the ſhips in the port hung out their colours and other ornaments, and made a very handſome appearance.

At the ſeveral conduits where the proclamation was read, wine was let run for the uſe of the populace.

[*Thus far the* Remembrancer.]

LONDON.

November 29. On Sunday the Rev. Dr. Nichols preached before his majeſty at St. James's; where a new Te Deum and anthem, compoſed by Dr. Green, were vocally and inſtrumentally performed by the gentlemen of the chapel royal, and the king's band of muſic, on occaſion of his majeſty's ſafe arrival from his German dominions.

It is ſaid, that the right honourable the earl of Albemarle will be appointed ambaſſador to the court of Spain.

Orders have been given for fitting up ſome apartments in Somerſet houſe, and which are ſaid to be for the prince ſtadtholder.

Yeſterday his grace the duke of Richmond kiſs'd his majeſty's hand, on his being appointed ambaſſador to the court of France.

The lords of the admiralty have ordered ſeventy men of war to be continued in commiſſion.

An order is ſent to his majeſty's yards, not to diſcharge any of the artificers, ſhipwrights, labourers, *&c.* but to continue them 'til further notice.

The humble ADDRESS of the Houſe of Commons to the King.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the commons of *Great-Britain* in parliament aſſembled, beg leave to return your majeſty our unfeigned thanks for your moſt gracious ſpeech from the throne; and to congratulate your majeſty on your ſafe and happy return to theſe kingdoms.

We acknowlege, with the utmoſt gratitude, your majeſty's conſtant attendance to the good of your people; and beg leave to congratulate your majeſty on the ſucceſs of your endeavours for reſtoring peace to *Europe*, by the happy concluſion of a definitive treaty, in which all your allies have concurred without reſerve; and we cannot, on this occaſion, but admire your majeſty's wiſdom and conduct, by which you have, in ſo ſhort a ſpace of time, reconciled and adjuſted ſo many jarring intereſts, and completed this great and neceſſary work.

Permit us, Sir, humbly to return your majeſty our thanks for your tender regard to your faithful ſubjects, in taking the firſt opportunity to reduce the public expences, which has been done with unuſual diſpatch; and we acknowlege equally your majeſty's wiſdom in recommending to us œconomy, and the improvement of the revenue, both abſolutely neceſſary in our preſent circumſtances, in order to leſſen the national debt, eaſe your people, and ſtrengthen ourſelves againſt all future events; and we aſſure your majeſty, that we will omit nothing which may conduce to thoſe important and ſalutary ends.

It gives the higheſt ſatisfaction to your faithful commons, that your majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to take notice of the bravery of your forces by ſea and land, an honour their behaviour has moſt juſtly deſerved; and we do aſſure your majeſty, that all due attention ſhall be paid on our part, to the ſervices of thoſe gallant men, who have ſignalized themſelves ſo glorioufly in defence of their country.

We are truly ſenſible of the importance of that ſignal ſucceſs which has attended your majeſty's arms at ſea, through the courſe of the war, and are fully convinced how neceſſary it is to maintain our fleets in perfect ſtrength and order, even in times of the moſt profound peace. Your faithful commons beg leave humbly to aſſure your majeſty, that they will grant ſuch ſupplies as are neceſſary to ſecure effectually the peace and tranquility of your majeſty's government, and to preſerve the honour of the nation, by making good its engagements; and that the chief objects of our conſideration ſhall be, what your majeſty has ſo graciouſly and wiſely recommended to us, the improvement of our commerce, the ſupporting and ſtrengthening of public credit, and the cultivation of the arts of peace; that your majeſty may be enabled to gratify your royal inclinations, by making this nation a flouriſhing and happy people, under your auſpicious government, and that of your royal family, to future generations.

His Majeſty's moſt gracious ANSWER.

GENTLEMEN,

I thank you moſt heartily for this very affectionate Addreſs. You may rely upon my ready Concurrence with you in the Execution of all ſuch Meaſures as will relieve my People, as ſoon as poſſible, from the Burdens which the Exigencies of War have laid upon them, and procure to them the Bleſſings of a ſafe and laſting Peace.

Dec. 10.

PEACE

Dec. 10. An order is given for several engineers and master builders, to repair to North Britain, and there to follow such other instructions relating to the fortifying that coast, as they shall from time to time receive from the board of works.

January 24. Yesterday printed copies of the definitive treaty were delivered to the right hon. the peers, and the members of the hon. house of commons.

February 3. Yesterday the Peace was proclaimed with the usual solemnities; at one o' clock the park and tower guns were fired, with ringing of bells, bonfires, illuminations, and all other demonstrations of joy.

The right honourable the lord Petersham commanded the second troop of horse grenadier guards, and lieutenant-colonel Roberts the second troop of horse guards.

The right honourable the lord mayor, in his Rate coach drawn by six horses, with the proper officers, attended the procession; as did also the following alderman in their chariots, viz. Sir John Barnard, Knt. Sir Daniel Lambert, Knt. Sir Henry Marshall, Knt. Sir Robert Ladbrook, Knt. Mr. Adams the Recorder, Sir Samuel Pennant, Knt. Mr. Alderman Cockayne, Mr. Alderman Winterbottom, Mr. Alderman Alsop, Sir William Smith, Knt. Mr. Alderman Whitaker, Mr. Alderman Bethel; and Mr. Alderman Ironside, and Mr. Alderman Rawlinson, the two sheriffs, with their horses finely dressed with ribbons.

When peace was proclaimed at St. James's, his majesty appear'd at the balcony window for some time, 'til the cavalcade began, when his majesty flung up the sash, and received the acclamation of a prodigious concourse of people, and remained there 'til the whole ceremony was over.

Their royal highnesses prince George, prince Edward, prince Henry, lady Augusta, and lady Elizabeth, were at Mr. Goodchild's at Charing cross, to see the procession pass by.

ANNAPOLIS

The General Assembly of this Province is to meet here on Tuesday next.

We are credibly informed, that upwards of 400 Hogsheads of Tobacco has already pass'd Inspection in *Charles* County.

We hear from many Parts of the Province, that there are vast numbers of Caterpillars, on the Bushes, Trees and Fences, which 'tis fear'd, will not only destroy the Fruit, but get into the Wheat fields.

[*Our Readers are desired to correct the Sixth Paragraph of the King's Speech (inserted in* Numb. 208) *thus*, "Whatever the Events of War may have been, the Bravery of my Troops has distinguish'd itself on every Occasion, to their lasting Honour, &c.

Here follows an Explanation of the Inscription on a Tomb at Arlington *in* France, *publish'd in this Paper so long ago as* Number 191, *which some of our Female Readers have express'd a longing Desire to see Clear'd up. It is taken from a late* New-York *Gazette.*

"*Mr.* Parker,

"*I think your last Week's strange Relation,*

"*Should this Week have an Explanation.* Yours, A.C.

"Pray insert it as follows:

TWO Sisters Wed each other's Husband's Son;
These Men had Daughters first, each of them one.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue, by the Subscriber living in Calvert *County, on Tuesday the* 30*th Day of* May,

THREE Plantations, lying on *Patuxent* River, in *Calvert* County;

One of which contains 440 or 450 Acres, whereon is a large Dwelling house, Store house, Milk-house, Meat-house, Corn-house, Hen-house, Turkey and Goose house, Still house, two working Shops, a Stable, Necessary house, two Negro Quarters, three framed large new Tobacco-houses, and one old one, and a large Orchard.

One other containing about 200 Acres, with a good Dwelling-house, Kitchen, Milk house, Corn-house, and Stable, one 50 Foot Tobacco-house, a Negro Quarter, a Water Mill, and two good Orchards.

The Fencing of both which Plantations is in good Repair.

The other contains about 70 or 80 Acres, and has a good Orchard.

Any Person inclinable to purchase Part, or the Whole, may treat with JOSEPH HALL.

May 2, 1749.

WHereas the Subscriber, Surgeon to the Ship *Ranger*, lately lying in *South* River, was sent for, on the 12th of *April*, 1749, by a certain *Robert Stewart*, Brother of *Vincent Stewart*, deceased, who lay very ill at that time, and died the next Day; and upon Enquiry into the Deceased's Case, was told by the Deceased in his Life time, and shewed on the several Parts of the Body where he had received great Hurts by Falls and Bruises. And whereas there was an Inquest on the Body of the said *Vincent Stewart*, and the Subscriber being examined thereon, did give his Opinion, that, to the best of his Judgment, the Deceased came by his Death by means of those Falls and Bruises he had so received. And whereas there is a Report spread, to the Prejudice of the Subscriber, that he should say that the Deceased died of a Pleurisy: Now as the Subscriber is going for *England*, and intends shortly to return into this Province; in Justice to himself, and to declare to the Public the Truth that passed at the Inquisition, he utterly denies that he ever said or mentioned to any person whatsoever, that the Deceased died of a Pleurisy, or any other common Ailment or Distemper. JOHN WRIGHT.

IMported in the Ship *Litchfield*, to *Patuxent*, a Box marked I A with a Cross between the two Letters: The Person at whose House the said Box was left, are desired to give Notice thereof to the Subscriber at *Chester Town* in *Kent* County, or to Dr. *Alexander Hamilton* at *Annapolis*.

April 27, 1749. JAMES ANDERSON.

RAN away from the Subscriber living in *Kent* County, on the 26th of *April* last, a Servant Man named *John Woolley*, about 28 Years of Age, of a fair Complexion, fresh colour'd, with several Ringworms in his Face, and has black Hair: He took with him a new blue Kersey Coat and Breeches with yellow metal Buttons, a strip'd double-breasted Swanskin Jacket, two Country Cloth and one Whitney ditto, one Osnabrigs Shirt, grey Yarn Stockings, a Pair of white ditto, a half-worn Felt Hat, half-worn Shoes and brass Buckles.

Likewise ran away with him a lusty Negro Fellow called *Tom*, about 30 Years of Age, belonging to *William Yearly* of the said County: He had on a coarse *English* Kersey Jacket, an old Whitney ditto, black Country Cloth Breeches, a coarse Shirt or two, a Gun, and some Powder and Shot.

It is supposed they cross'd the Bay in a Canoe the next Morning by Sunrise, from *Swan* Point to the North Point of *Patuxent*. Whoever shall apprehend the said Runaways, and bring or send them to their said Masters, living on *Granet* Creek, shall have Forty Shillings Reward for each, besides what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges.

SAMUEL TOVEY,
WILLIAM YEARLY.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

ON Thursday the 11th Day of *May*, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Sign of the *Duke of Cumberland* in *Annapolis*, the Snow *Endeavour*, *William Palmer* now Commander, Burthen about 100 Tons; with all her Materials and Appurtenances; *viz.*

The Hull, and all her Masts and Yards, as they now stand; one spare Main-top-mast, one spare Fore-yard, all her standing and running Rigging, some spare small Cordage, one Brass Compass, two Wooden ditto, two Pumps with Brass Chambers, two Main-sails, two Main-top-sails, two Top-gallant-sails, two Fore sails, one Fore top-sail, two Top mast Steering-sails, one lower Steering sail, one Try sail, One Main-top-mast Stay-sail, one Fore-top-mast Stay-sail, one Jibb, one Sprit-sail, four Anchors, one 9 Inch Cable about half worn, one 10 Inch ditto less worn, one Piece of Junk, Part of a Hawser, one Iron Hearth, one Iron Pot, one Pitch pot, one Sauce-pan and Frying-pan; two Axes, two Hammers, Chissels, Gimlets, a Saw, Adze, a small Quantity of Nails, Bolts, and old Iron, about two Tun of Water Cask, six Pair of double Screws, one Speaking Trumpet, one Lanthorn, &c.

Also all her Cargo, consisting of 100 Barrels of Pitch, 50 Barrels of Turpentine, 328 Barrels of full bound Tar, and 323 Barrels of single-bound Tar, 5000 Hogshead Staves, and about 2000 Reeds.

The Vessel and her Appurtenances may be viewed at the Dock, any Time before the Sale, where the Inventory is to be seen, and the Captain to be spoke with.

The Vessel and all her Materials will be sold together; and the Cargo in Lots, of about 30 Barrels each; or in such Manner as the Bidders shall agree; by JONAS GREEN.

PEACE

Annapolis, April 26, 1749.

THIS is to give Notice to all those who have any Bonds in the Loan-Office, that if they do not come and pay the Interest due upon the same, on or before the last Day of *October* next ensuing the Date hereof, the Commissioners, in Discharge of the Trust reposed in them by the Public, will think themselves obliged to enter up Judgment, and sue out Executions on the same; and this they are determined to do, unless those who are concerned take due Care to prevent it.

By Order of the Commissioners,

R. DORSEY, *Clerk of the Pap. Cur. Office.*

To be SOLD or LEASED

A Tract of Land, containing 200 Acres of good arable Land, lying in *Prince George's* County, about six Miles from *Upper-Marlborough*.

Also another Tract of Land, lying at the Mouth of *Manocasy*, containing 500 Acres; whereon is a good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Stable, Tobacco-House, and Orchard.

For further Particulars enquire of

MEREDITH DAVIS.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

ON the 17th Day of *May*, at the Subscriber's House near the Gate-House of *Annapolis*, for Ready Money, sundry Sorts of valuable Household Furniture, such as Beds, Chairs, Tables, *&c.*

ELIZABETH KELLEY.

Anne Arundel *County*, April 26, 1749.

'WHEREAS I am apprehensive, that many of the Inhabitants of this County are not apprized of the Law limiting the Time for paying of the public Dues and Officers Fees, by the late Act of Assembly in that Case made and provided; I therefore give this public Notice, by reciting the Words of the said Act, that all Persons concern'd may prevent themselves from being made liable to be executed as the said Law directs; by which Time I hope they will make Payment, which will prevent me and them further Trouble.

'And be it further Enacted, That all public and County Levies, Parochial Charges, and Attorneys Fees, that shall be paid in Tobacco; Clergy's Allowances, and all Officers Fees payable in Tobacco; shall be paid and satisfied by the Persons chargeable with and indebted for the same, to the respective Sheriffs, by Inspectors Notes, before the 10th Day of June yearly, during the Continuance of this Act: And if any Person chargeable with Levies, Parochial Charges, Clergys Allowances, and Fees, as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same within the Time aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriffs, immediately after the said 10th Day of June, to distrain the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so neglecting and refusing, and to sell and dispose thereof at the Expiration of five Days after Distress made, for Tobacco at public Auction; all which shall be done by the said Sheriff, without Fee or Reward, and the Overplus, if any be beyond what will satisfy the Demands aforesaid, shall be returned to the Debtor. Provided always, That when any Person, who shall be indebted for Public or County Levies, Clergys Dues, Parochial Charges, Officers and Attorneys Fees, shall refuse to shew Tobacco to the Sheriff, or any other Goods or Chattels to be distrained; that then and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff to take such Person in Execution for such Levies, Dues, Charges, and Fees.' [Thus far are the Words of the Act in this Case.]

And I further give Notice, that no Person may be disappointed of doing Business with me at my Office, that constant Attendance will be given at the said Office on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays, in every Week; unless any unforeseen Accident should prevent me.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Sheriff.

THE Ship *Revolution*, *John Simmons* Commander, now lying at *Lower-Marlborough*, on *Patuxent* River, is ready to take in Tobacco, consigned to Mr. *John Hanbury* and Company, Merchants in *London*, at Seven Pounds per Ton. The said Master will attend every Saturday on board, where he shall be very glad of the Company of his Friends.

JOHN SIMMONS.

Philadelphia, April 7, 1749.

SUndry Goods being shipped by *Lawrence Williams*, on board the *Mary Galley*, Capt. *Lawson*, from *London* for *Philadelphia* and *Maryland*; the said Ship not proceeding to *Maryland*, the Goods were left at *Philadelphia*, to the Care of the Subscriber, the Owners of the said Goods, sending their Bills, or Captain's Receipts and Orders, may have them shipt accordingly; paying for Storage, *&c.* and this Advertisement.

HENRY HARRISON.

RAN away from the Subscriber living in *Baltimore* County, on the 29th of *March* last, an *Irish* Convict Servant Man named *Patrick Dunscomb*, but gives himself the Name of *Paddy Dungan*; he is a lusty young Fellow, has a fresh Complexion, dark brown Hair, wears a brown Wig, or Silk Cap: He had with him a new fine Kersey Coat, Jacket, and Breeches, of a brownish Colour, a lightish colour'd Country-Cloth Pea Jacket with brass Buttons, a Pair of grey Fearnothing Breeches, a Pair of fine Yarn Stockings, a Pair of fine Cotton ditto, a Pair of Negro Shoes, a Pair of Country made ditto, a good Castor Hat, and a Felt ditto half worn, two fine white Shirts, one Check and two brown Osnabrigs ditto, old Trowsers, a Country Linnen Jacket and Breeches, and a Pair of new Leather Breeches with metal Buttons. Whoever brings the said Servant to his Master, living near the Head of *Patapsco* River, shall have Three Pounds Reward, if taken in *Maryland*; or if taken in *Virginia* or *Pennsylvania*, Five Pounds, of the Currency where taken; and reasonable Charges, if brought home.

ZACHARIAH MACKUBIN.

To be RUN for, at Frederick-Town, *in* Frederick *County*,

A Subscription of Twenty-Eight Pounds Two Shillings and Six Pence, Current Money, on the following Days, *viz.*

On Tuesday the 9th Day of *May*, Fifteen Pounds, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, carrying Weight for Inches; each Horse, *&c.* being 14 Hands high, to carry 9 Stone, and so in proportion, allowing 7 *lb.* for an Inch; and to pay 15 *s.* Entrance.

On Wednesday the 10th, will be run for the Sum of Ten Pounds; the Horses, *&c.* to carry Weight for Inches, and to pay 10 *s.* Entrance. And,

On Thursday the 11th of the same Month, will be run for Three Pounds Two Shillings and Six Pence, and the Entrance Money of each Day; the Horses, *&c.* to carry Weight for Inches, as on the two preceding Days, and to pay after the Rate of 1 *s.* in the Pound Entrance. The winning Horses to be excepted each Day.

The Horses, *&c.* are to be Entered with *Kennedy Farrell*, by 12 o' Clock the Day before they run. And if any Differences arise, they are to be decided by *John Darnall*, Esq; and Capt. *Nathaniel Wickham*.

THE Ship OGLE, Capt. *John Brown* Commander, now lying in *Severn*, is ready to take in Tobacco, consigned to any Merchant in *London*, at Seven Pounds Sterling per Ton; and about the 20th of *May*, will be at *Chester-Town* on *Chester* River, to take in the rest of her Cargo.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Sunday the 5th of *March* past, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas Bonner*, a Blacksmith by Trade, a tall well-set Fellow, and has a remarkable Bent in one of his Knees: He had on and with him when he went away a Drab Cloth Great-Coat, a blue Cloth close-bodied Coat, a Sailors blue Pea Jacket, and a small Gun; He also took with him a new Yaul, with Mulberry Timbers, painted red within, has a white Streak round the Gunnel, and the Letters S G painted in the Stern; also two Oars, with S G painted on the Blades; and several other Things. Whoever secures the said Servant so as his Master may have him again, shall have Five Pounds Reward; and Twenty Shillings Reward for the Boat.

S. GALLOWAY.

March 8, 1749.

CHOICE BOHEA TEA, to be Sold at the Sign of the *Ship* in *Annapolis*, by

ELIZABETH MARRIOTT.

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